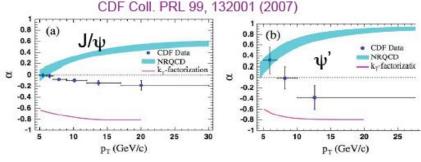


quarkonia production in PHENIX/RHIC in pp collisions

On behalf of the PHENIX collaboration **Denis Jouan** Institut de Physique Nucléaire, Orsay IN2P3/CNRS, Université Paris Sud



Quarkonia: well known but often surprising

- In the last 15 years established picture of quarkonia production mechanisms have been often challenged by new experimental results
- Not yet back to a stable situation. For instance,
 Polarization, cross sections, P_T distributions, are difficult to reproduce simultaneously. Various models are considered: CSM, COM, CEM, ...
- perhaps this questioning (need for more universal description) could be extended, in p-A or A-A, to PDF use, or effects like shadowing.

Quarkonia production mechanism: overview in phenix

h-h and h-A heavy quarkonia production measurement at RHIC:

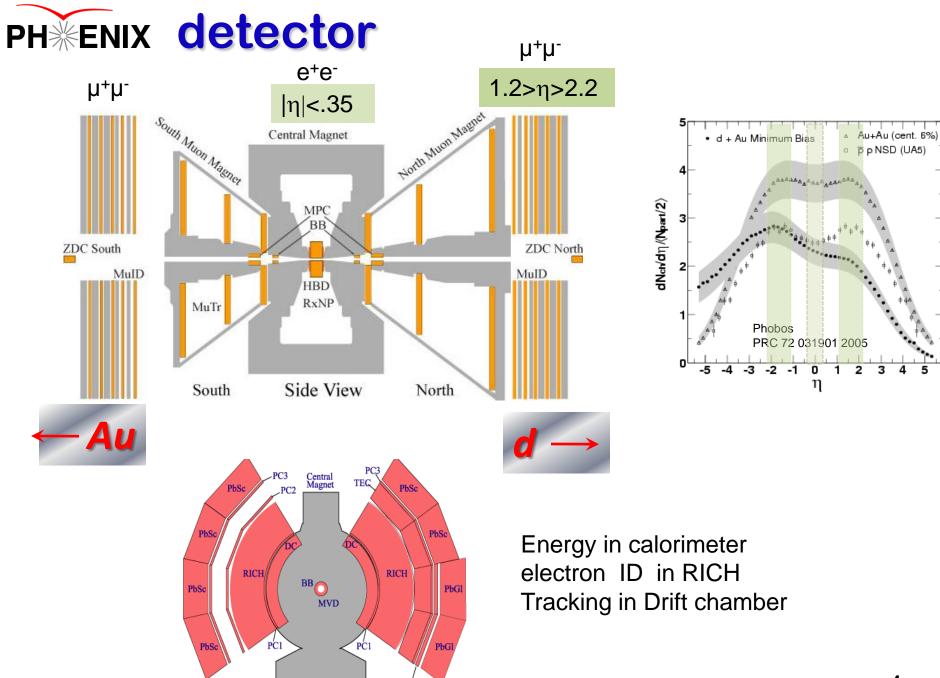
- characterize CNM (cold nuclear matter) effects thanks to pp and d-Au collisions in order to disentangle QGP effects in Au-Au collisions
- Use quarkonia for probing production mechanisms in pp, and also in high density (nucleus) and/or dynamical evolution (collision)
- Also: probing nucleon spin structure, or testing reaction symmetries, with polarized beams
 Content

in pp collisions status of Y, χ_{c} , J/ Ψ polarisation, Ψ'

2006 p+p data with ~3 times previous (2005) luminosity!

Limited overview; does not adress:

- open flavour (single lepton, correlated e-h or μ production, ...)
- d-A, A-A results (H.Pereira's talk)



ŤOF

East

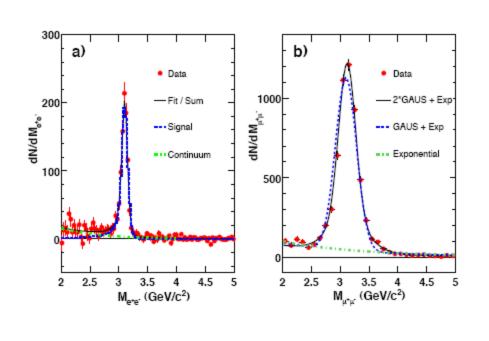
Beam View

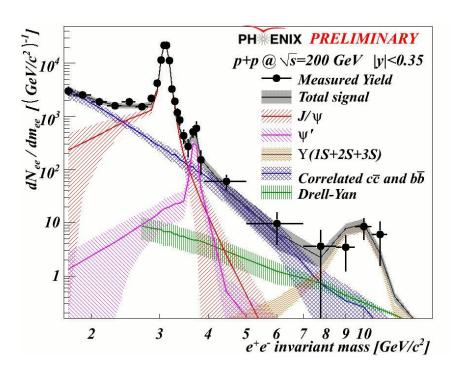
West

Denis Jouan

Signal extraction

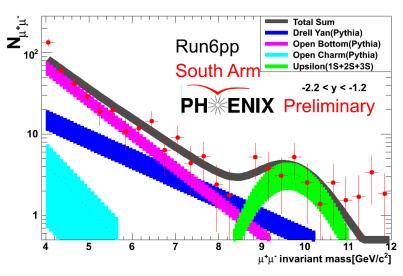
- Pairs mass Continuum (correlated « background »): bb pairs, cc pairs, and Drell Yan
- Uncorrelated Background pairs: subtracted by mixed events techniques
- Fit with continuum and resonances components

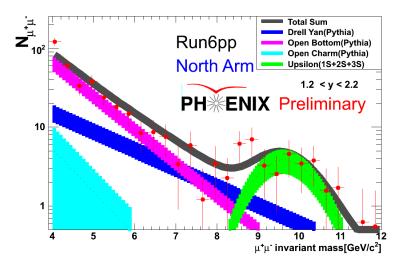


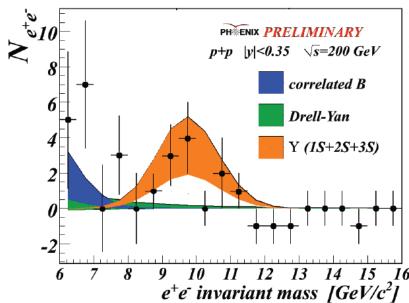




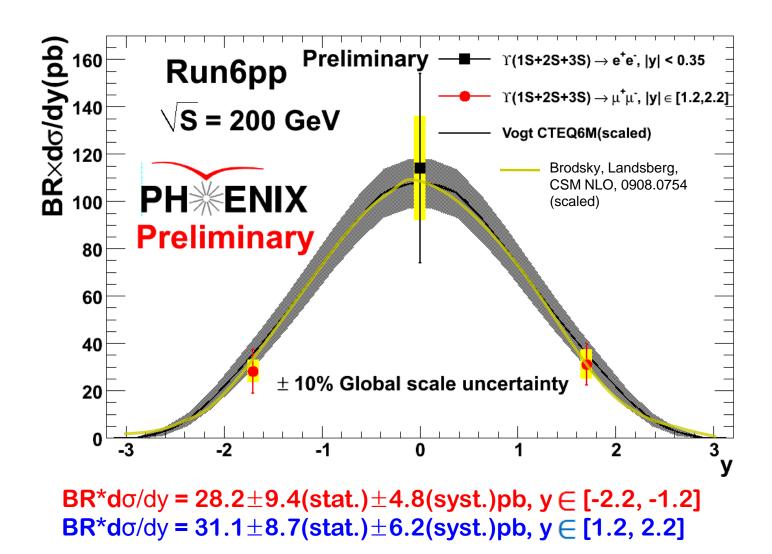
Upsilon 1s+2s+3s in p-p





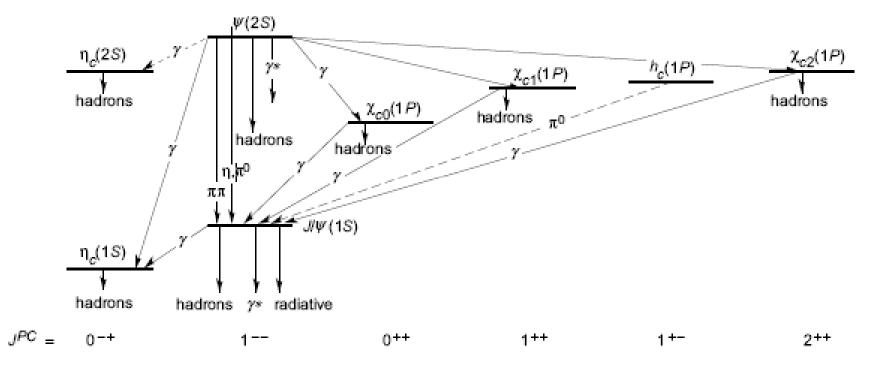


PH^{*}ENIX Upsilon cross section in p+p





Charmonia



Heavy quarks pairs:

good probes: rare, weak light mesons coupling, various states and binding energies, non relativistic approximation

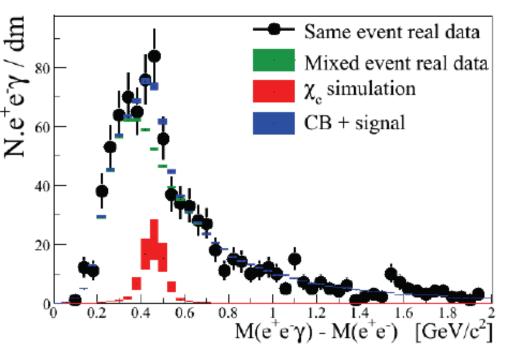
But

Feeding (also from open beauty)



χ_{c}





Measured at mid rapidity via di-electron

+ photon in EMCal

Provides: feed-down contribution to J/ψ:

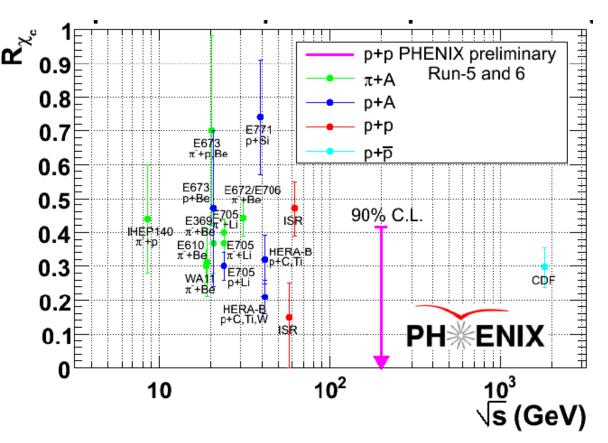
- Selection of J/Ψ mass dielectrons with a coincident photon
- Construction of Mixed event spectrum
- Extraction of photon peak

$$R_{\chi_c} = \frac{1}{\sigma(J/\psi)} \sum_{J=1}^{2} \sigma(\chi_{cJ}) BR(\chi_{cJ} \to J/\psi \gamma)$$

J/ψ from χ_c < 42% (90% CL)

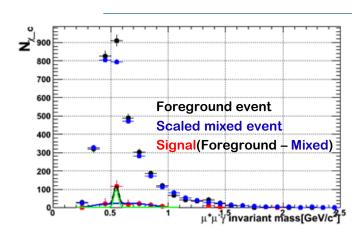
PHENIX preliminary

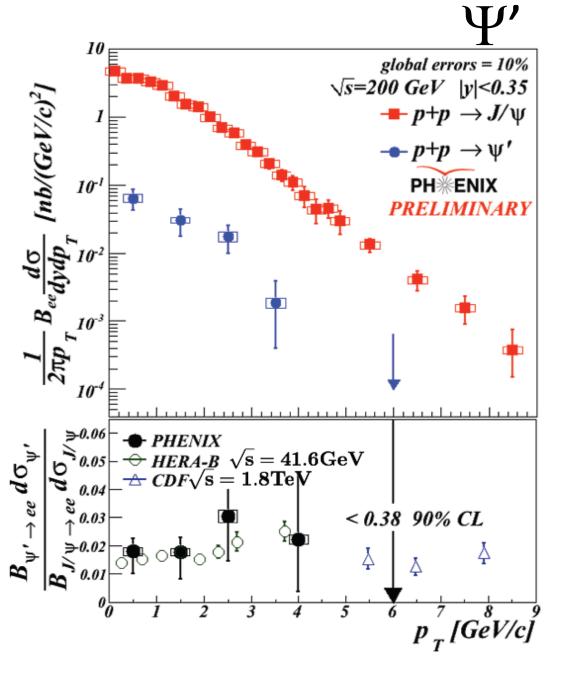




 $R\chi_c$ value is consistent with a recent selected average: 25+-5 % (Faccioli JHEP 0810:004, 2008)

Near **future**: forward rapidity χ_c study in d-Au and p-p is under way



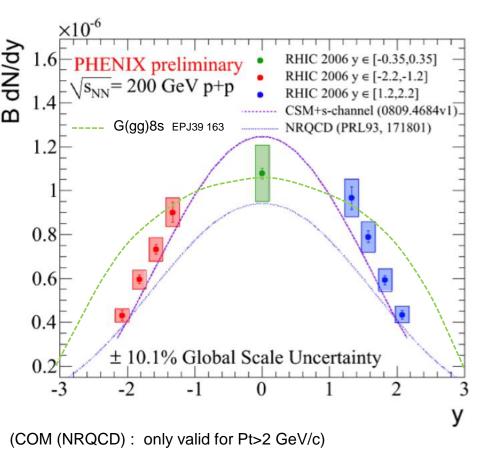


First measurement of Ψ' transverse momentum distribution at RHIC

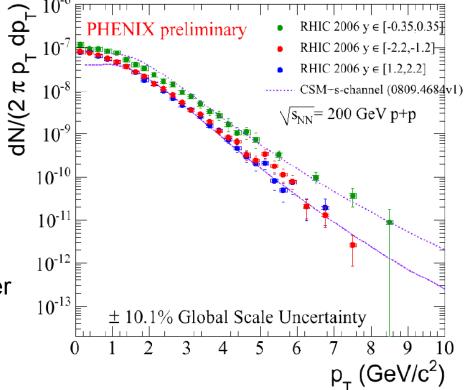
Allows to estimate J/ Ψ feeding from Ψ ': 8.6±2.5 %

(world average 8.1±0.3 % Faccioli JHEP 0810:004, 2008)

Ψ'/(J/Ψ) Dielectron production ratio: in agreement with other measurements, close to 2%



J/Y and production mechanisms



The "s-channel cut" Color Singlet Model better reproduces the J/Ψ rapidity distribution (Haberzetti, Lansberg, PRL100 (2008) 032006)

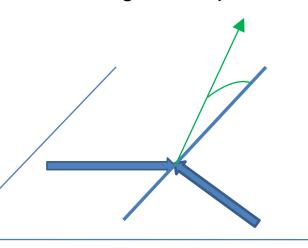
J/ψ polarization

$$\frac{dN}{d\cos\theta} = A(1 + \lambda\cos^2\theta)$$

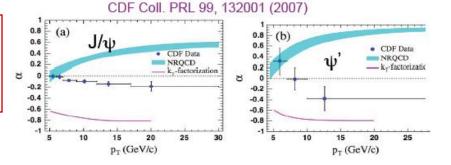
- λ>0 transverse polarization
- λ=0 no polarization
- λ<0 longitudinal polarization

We use **helicity** frame

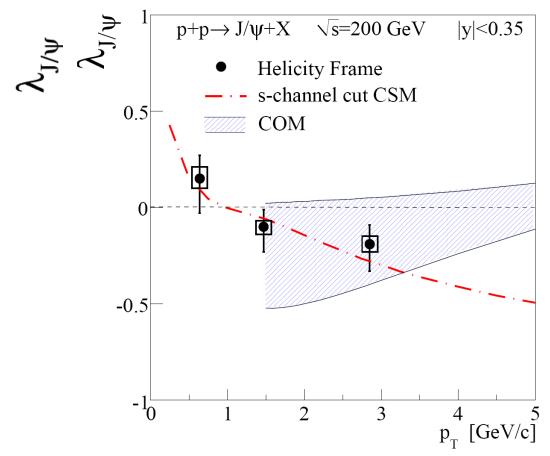
θ: decay lepton angle in J/ψ rest frame with respect to polar axis defined by the J/ψ momentum in colliding hadrons center of mass



⇒ J/ ψ polarization measurement provides a powerful discriminating tool between models



J/ψ polarization



New extended results are under way

In the forward region

- Measurement performed in *helicity* frame
- Contains feeding

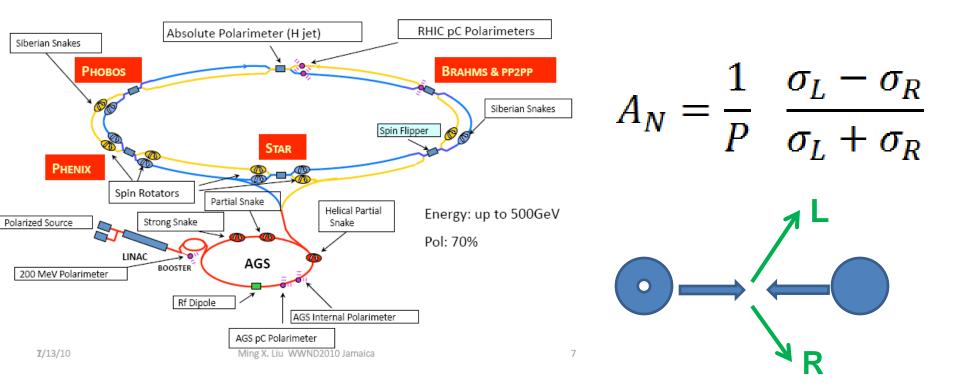
Polarization: crucial test for the production mechanism.

will these results allow to discriminate between CSM + S channel cut and CEM models?

(COM not suited for low p_T range, but in agreement for 2 highest P_T points)

Chung et al. PRD81 014020 2010

RHIC Polarized Proton Collider



Measuring quarkonia production asymmetries with polarized beams

- Quarkonia transverse asymmetry production
- if linked to transverse momentum dependent distributions of partons
- Sensitive to production mechanism:

Yuan PRD 78:014024,2008

Vanishing asymmetry:

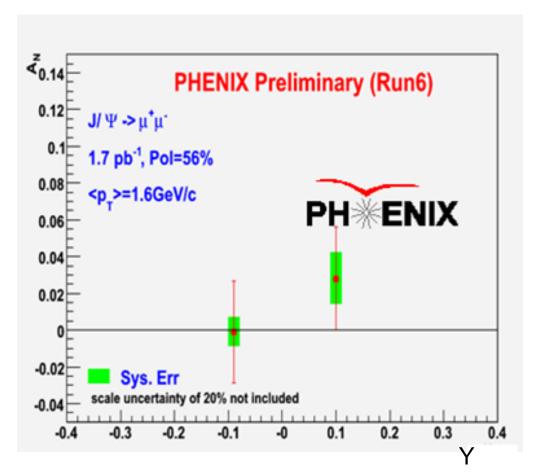
in **ep in color singlet** model in **pp in color octet** model

First measurement of A_N in heavy vector meson J/Ψ production

A new way of testing the J/Y production mechanism

An exploratory measurement (final results under way)

more data needed on pp. ep also needed



summary

An improving set of informations from PHENIX experiment in pp collisions should help to progress on the understanding of quarkonia production mechanisms:

- upsilon production, continuum subtracted, along 4 units of rapidity. Y shape consistent with CEM and CSM NLO calculations.
- Increased precision in J/ Ψ Y and Pt distributions: agreement with CSM+S channel cut calculations
- Ψ' and χ_c production and J/Ψ Side feeding knowledge
- new results under way: forward χ_c and J/ Ψ polarisation
- First preliminary analysis of J/ Ψ prod. with polarized beams
- Cold and hot matter effects also open complementary dimensions

Future directions

- Available data from 2009 pp 200 GeV and 500 GeV runs with increased statistic
- Forward (muon arm MPC) extraction of $\chi_{\rm c}$ under way, + FOrward CALorimeter project

- B-> J/ Ψ +X with SVTX (>2011)
- Resolve Ψ' in muon arms thanks to FVTX (>2012)